

NATURAL HYDROGEL BASED ON RENEWABLE MATERIALS TO IMPROVE SOIL QUALITY AND PLANT GROWTH

Silvie Durpekova, Vladimir Sedlarik

Centre of Polymer Systems, Tomas Bata University in Zlin

e-mail: durpekova@utb.cz

Introduction

- This work describes a new type of natural biopolymeric material based on acid whey and cellulose derivatives as a soil conditioner for sustainable agricultural application to improve soil quality and plant growth.
- Acid whey, a by-product of the dairy industry, has been used as the main component of CMC/HEC-based hydrogel to replace the water commonly used for the hydrogel synthesis → a solution to exploit the overproduction of dairy by-products, thereby reducing the associated pollution. Moreover, acid whey can also serve as a valuable source of nutrients for plants.
- Final hydrogel composite was blended by poly(lactic acid) to ensure the stability of the hydrogel in the soil for a longer time.

Results

Fig. 1: Effect of hydrogel amendment on water retention capacity (WRC) in soil (HPLA0-hydrogel without PLA; HPLA20-hydrogel mixed with 20% PLA w/w).

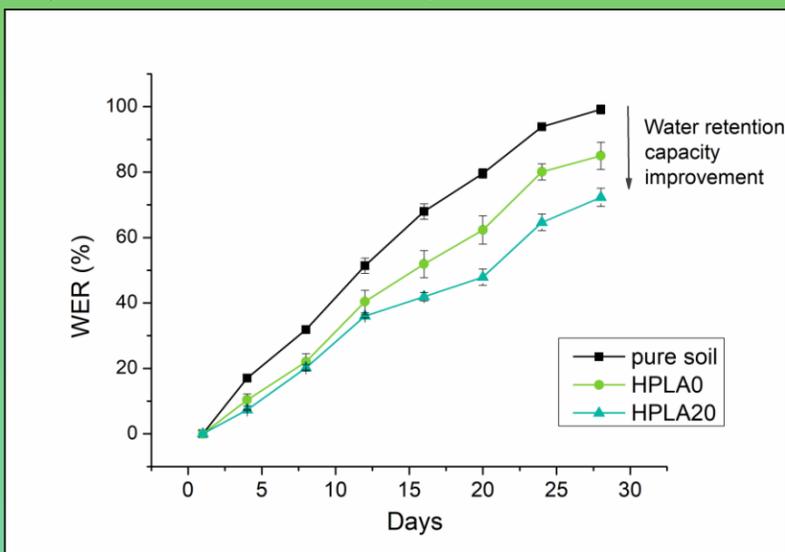
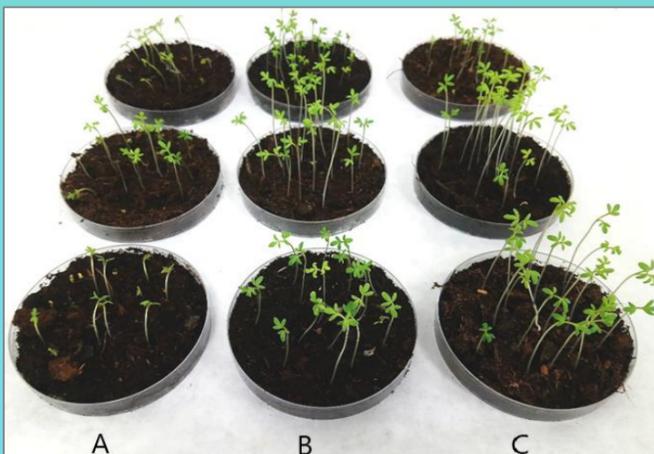


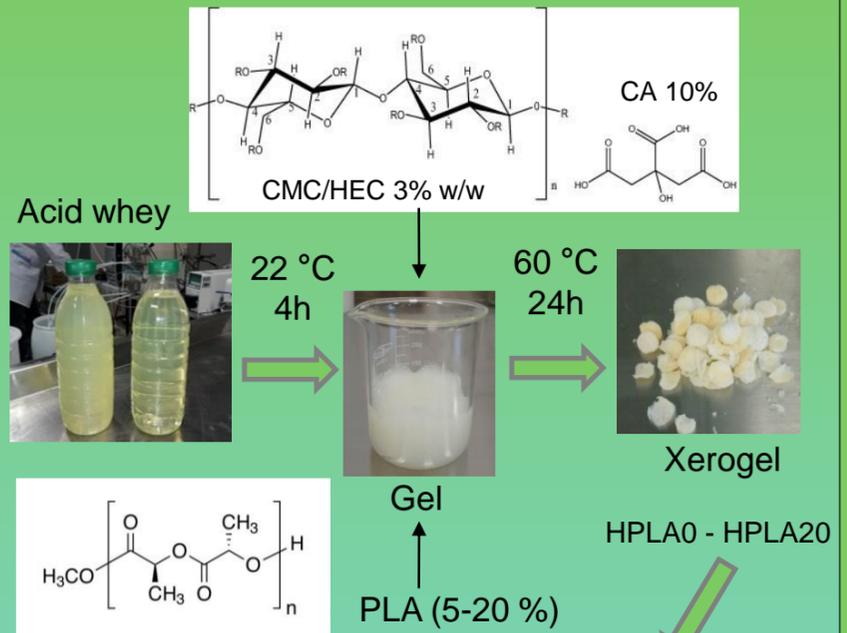
Fig. 2: Effect of PLA addition on hydrogel biodegradability after 20 days in soil (A- hydrogel before degradation; B- HPLA0; C- HPLA10, D-HPLA20).



Fig. 3: Effect of hydrogel application on plant growth (*Lepidium sativum*): A) control soil without hydrogel, B) soil with 1% HPLA10, C) soil with 2% of HPLA10.



Experimental



- Absorption capacity (Swelling ratio, SR)

$$SR (\%) = \frac{W_s - W_d}{W_d} \times 100$$

- Water retention capacity in soil (Water evaporation rate, WER)

$$WER (\%) = \frac{M_i - M_t}{50} \times 100$$

- Biodegradability - Soil burial test (Weight loss, WL)

$$WL (\%) = \frac{W_i - W_f}{W_i} \times 100$$

- Gas chromatography

Effect of hydrogel application on soil quality and plant growth of *Raphanus sativus* and *Lepidium sativum*

Conclusions

- The novel hydrogel demonstrates considerable biodegradability (approx. 40 days) with a high water absorption capacity of 450-600%, which can improve water retention in soil by 30%.
- Introduction of PLA to the hydrogel extended time of biodegradation by 25 %.
- The tests performed on the vegetable species suggest that novel hydrogel has beneficial effect for their growth and may contribute to the increasing their survival rate during drought conditions.
- The results demonstrate the potential of use of acid whey in the development of a soil conditioners which can help to improve soil quality.
- The whey/polysaccharide/PLA – based hydrogel is promising alternative to commercial hydrogels based on synthetic polymers to enhance water and fertilizers use efficiencies in soil.

Acknowledgments

This work was funded by the Ministry of Agriculture of the Czech Republic (Project No. QK1910392) and the Ministry of Education, Youth and Sports of the Czech Republic (Grant No. RP/CPS/2020/002)